

Newport Mercury

VOLUME CXLIII--NO. 38.

NEWPORT, R. I., MARCH 3, 1900.

WHOLE NUMBER 8,011.

The Mercury.

THE MERCURY PUBLISHING CO.
JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor.
18 THAMES STREET.
NEWPORT, R. I.

THE NEWPORT MERCURY was established in June, 1858, and is now in its one hundred and forty-second year. It is the oldest newspaper in the United States, and, with less than half a dozen exceptions, the oldest printed in the English language. It has long been a leading publication in the State, and its circulation is one of the largest in the New England States. It is published every day, except on Sundays and public holidays, and its subscription price is \$5.00 per annum in advance. Single copies are sold at 10 cents. The Mercury is published by the Mercury Publishing Co., John P. Sanborn, Editor, 18 Thames Street, Newport, R. I.

Local Matters.

Annual Inspection.

Brigadier General Frederic M. Sackett, adjutant general of the state of Rhode Island, paid his annual visit of inspection to the Newport Artillery Company Monday evening. He was received with the honors due his rank. The company was drawn up in two detachments and went through the manual of arms and marching movements, followed by a personal inspection of each member by the adjutant general. An exhibition drill as heavy artillery was then given, the men handling the dummy gun in a manner that showed they knew their business. General Sackett looked over the rifle range and bowling alleys and appeared to be pleased with what he saw. The Newport Band was on hand to furnish music for the occasion.

Aunt Jemima's Album.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the First Presbyterian Church will give a somewhat unique entertainment in Masonic Hall on Thursday evening, March 3. The performance will be known as "Aunt Jemima's Album," and will be conducted by Mrs. Mercie E. Read, of Rockland, Mass., the originator of this form of entertainment. Music will be furnished by a selected quartette and a very enjoyable evening is promised.

The testimony of those who have seen Aunt Jemima's Album in other cities, is to the effect that it is a unique and pleasing form of entertainment. Newport was well represented at the district conference of the Women's Auxiliaries to the Y. M. C. A. at Fall River on Thursday. The delegation from this city included General Secretary W. L. Tisdale, Miss S. Samuel, Mrs. Philip Stevens, Mrs. Lida S. Sloam, Mrs. W. L. Frank, Mrs. W. L. Tisdale, Mrs. S. L. Carr, Mrs. James Wilson, Mrs. John A. Hazard, Miss Mary Hazard, Miss Lizzie Bryer, Mrs. W. H. Tibbets, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. T. Fred Knoll, Mrs. Samuel Gladding, Miss Elizabeth B. Smith, Miss Mary Anthony, Mrs. E. T. Anthony and Miss Davis.

The annual meeting of the Mianetuck Golf Club will be held on Tuesday evening, March 6, at which time the election of officers will take place. A number of amendments to the constitution will be voted upon. It is the intention of the present board of managers to lay out considerable money upon the grounds when the season opens and many improvements will be seen on the links.

The sight at the beach early yesterday morning was remarkably fine. The immense waves dashed against the stone wall and hurled their spray high into the air. The seas also broke on the pavilion, so high was the tide. The view from the cliffs, looking at the lighthouses to the eastward was also fine. At times the spray seemed to go entirely over the top of the high lighthouses.

Launch Monro, which plies between Fort Adams and Newport, is again on the line after an extensive overhaul. It appears to be much improved and good for a number of years yet.

A still alarm at an early hour Tuesday morning called the emergency department to the residence of Mr. Thomas A. Lawton on Broadway. There was no damage.

Major Cook of the 25th U. S. Volunteers has arrived at his home in Providence. He expects to rejoin his regiment in the Philippines next month.

Mrs. George W. Hawley is visiting in Taunton and Bridgewater.

Mr. A. A. Tilley is confined to his home by serious illness.

The Columbia Social Club entertained at which Thursday evening.

A New Yacht Club.

Preliminary steps looking to the organization of a new yacht club in this city have been taken in New York, according to a despatch from that city. The organization will be a social club under the name of the North Atlantic Yacht Club. It will be in no sense a rival of existing yacht clubs, but will afford a rendezvous for nautical society. The building will be erected on ground, 300 feet by 500 feet in area, reclaimed from water between the Lime Rocks and Wellington avenue. It will be a semi-circular pavilion, facing the ocean, embracing a marble tiled court or plaza, terminating in floating landings. From the left wing of the pavilion a bridge will extend over a narrow channel to a circular building containing a cafe and all the outside arrangements of the club. The landward front of the pavilion will be a marble lawn, on one side of which will be a fish pond and on the other a circular preserve for lobsters, which can be taken at a moment's notice to be cooked and served on the tables of the club.

The Fair Will Case.

By the decision of the supreme court on Tuesday, upholding the trust clause of Senator Fair's will, the estate is now left for distribution in the hands of three trustees, W. S. Goodfellow, J. S. Angus and T. G. Crothers, who are to pay the income of the estate equally to Senator Fair's children during their lives. Charles Fair gets only a one-third interest in the income during his life. His issue, should there be any, are disinherited. If he should die this income awarded to him goes to his sisters, should they still survive, or to their issue. In case of the death of the three children the estate is to be divided as follows: One-fourth to the issue of Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr.; one-fourth to the issue of Mrs. Herman Oelrichs and one-half to the heirs of Mr. Fair's brother.

D. of R. Social.

Esther Rebekah Lodge, No. 5, gave a very pleasant and enjoyable social in Odd Fellows Hall on Tuesday evening, when every one present thoroughly enjoyed the dancing which took place. Music was furnished by the Harry K. Howard orchestra, and Mr. William H. Allen, prompter. The committee of arrangements consisted of Mrs. John E. Holt, Jr., Mrs. Dudley Bucheller, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stevens, Mr. Thomas Twigg and Mr. G. A. Peckham. There was a large attendance present and the affair proved a success in every way. When the hour for adjournment came many were heard to remark that they hoped the Daughters of Rebekah would give another such social before long.

The many friends in this city of Dr. Thomas A. Howland, a former Newporter, will be glad to learn that he is at present engaged in the "Liquor Habit Cure," and is doing a flourishing business in Eureka, California. Dr. Howland is a son of the late William B. and Elizabeth W. Howland, formerly of Middletown. His mother, Mrs. Elizabeth W. Howland, resides in this city. Dr. Howland left Newport thirteen years ago, residing in Montreal for a short time. Later he went West, and about six years ago began the practice of the liquor cure in different parts of the West, being very successful in his work.

Mr. Alfred Schreier of this city, the son of Mr. Eugene Schreier, is about to engage in the millinery business for himself in Meriden, Ct. The establishment will be the largest of its kind in that city and has been handsomely fitted up. Mr. Schreier has been brought up in the millinery business, having been for a long time connected with the Queen Ann Millinery Establishment, conducted by his father. He is possessed of much energy and business ability and will undoubtedly make a success of his new undertaking. His store will be known as the Unique Millinery Establishment.

Mrs. Caroline Tisdall, widow of the late Oliver Tisdall, died at her residence on Spring street on Wednesday, aged 75 years. She leaves two sons, Oliver Tisdall and Charles Tisdall, and two daughters. Funeral services were held from her late residence yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

The lighthouse board announces that Light Vessel No. 39 will resume her station at Brenton's Reef about March 8, and Relief Light Vessel No. 20 will be withdrawn. No change has been made in Light Vessel No. 39 as to characteristics of lights, fog signal or general appearance.

The Holy Name Society of St. Joseph's church gave a very enjoyable ladies' night Tuesday evening. What was in order during the early part of the evening and was followed by dancing.

Chief of Police Kaul is in Washington.

Mr. John C. Sautery is enjoying a trip to Bermuda.

A Disastrous Storm.

Saturday evening and Sunday morning witnessed a brief spell of very severe weather for this locality. The storm began with a light fall of rain Saturday evening, and during the night the wind freshened until it became a gale. About eleven o'clock there were several brilliant flashes of lightning and one especially heavy clap of thunder. The rain and wind continued throughout the night but the rain had ceased by Sunday morning, although the wind blew with unabated fury.

Sunday morning the wind shifted and the weather turned cold rapidly. The mercury continued to fall all day and by afternoon the high wind and cold air made it decidedly unpleasant to be out of doors. The weather continued cold until Wednesday, when the mercury rose about as fast as it had fallen on Sunday. The coldest night of the winter was Monday night when thermometers in some sections of the city indicated a temperature of 4 below zero.

During the storm of Saturday night, there was an accident off Beavertail. Barge Gen. Wiley sank with all on board, consisting of the captain and his four young children. The barge was one of a tow headed for Providence and was being towed by tug James Hughes. Heavy weather was encountered on the way to this port, and off Beavertail the Wiley parted her cable and overturned. It did not get to the bottom but after emptying a part of the coal one end floated clear. Efforts were made to find the barge and rescue those on board, but without avail. The rest of the string put into Newport and three of the barges were taken to Providence.

The hulk was afterwards found floating between Narragansett Pier and Point Judith and was removed from the main track of navigation.

A New Camp.

Newport Camp, No. 7,677, Modern Woodmen of America, was instituted in Gen. G. K. Warren Post Hall, Tuesday evening. The instituting officer was District Deputy M. B. Howard and other state officers. The election and installation of officers followed, the following gentlemen being inducted into office by State Lecturer Mudge: Venerable Consul—F. Augustus Ward. Worthy Advisor—Charles F. Harrington. Clerk—Charles S. Packer. Junior—Ed. McLaughlin. Exalted—W. M. Myles. Watchman—Alexander Remick. Board of Managers—Henry E. Ford, M. D. Ralph H. Barker, Charles L. Merrill. Physician—Henry E. Ford, M. D. Messrs. Charles S. Packer, Nell McLennan and Thatcher T. Bowler were appointed a committee to procure suitable quarters for the camp.

Following the business meeting a very enjoyable banquet was served at Allen's and, after cigars were lighted, brief addresses were made by several of the state and local officers.

Serious Damage Prevented.

By the timely discovery of a Government employe, the cable of the Providence Telephone Company was saved from disaster recently by its becoming fouled with the anchor of a coal barge.

Sunday morning tug Georgis Creek of Baltimore, Captain Kelley, from Portland bound west with three light barges in tow, was forced back from Fire Island by the gale and anchored in the bay at Block Island. Captain Uriah B. Dodge, who has charge of the harbor lights, and is unrelenting in his care of all public property, immediately discovered that one of the barges had anchored over the telephone cable operated by the Providence Telephone Company. He engaged Keeper Littlefield, of the New Shoreham life saving crew to take him out to the tug, where he explained the situation of affairs. Tuesday when the barge got up anchor it had caught hold of the cable, but the tug held the barge up to the windward, and by so doing the cable way got clear of the anchor, after about three hours of hard work in a temperature near the zero point.

The twenty-second anniversary of Coronet Council, Royal Arcanum, will be observed on March 23, when an entertainment and social will be given in Odd Fellows Hall. A committee of arrangements has been selected and consists of Messrs. George W. Tilley, John M. Taylor, James S. Langley, Frederick Watson, Barnside Davis, Charles R. Parker, John Mahan and William H. Young.

The Rogers High School Athletic Association netted the tidy sum of \$108.23 as the result of its recent entertainment at Masonic Hall. The boys expect to have an unusually strong base ball team this season.

There will be a special meeting of Aquidneck Chapter, Order of the Eastern Star, on Tuesday evening next, March 6th. An interesting programme has been laid out for that occasion.

Mr. A. C. Titus and Miss Titus are spending a few days in New York.

Mr. John C. Sautery is enjoying a trip to Bermuda.

Natural History Society.

A Lecture upon Weather Lore by Mr. Bliss. At a meeting of the Society, held on Monday evening, February 25, Mr. Richard Bliss lectured upon "Omens and Weather Lore."

From long and repeated observations of the weather, made in all countries and by many generations of mankind, has arisen a host of sayings, prophetic of what sort of weather may be expected in the more or less distant future, and the general collection of such sayings constitute what is known as "Weather Lore." Men remark the various appearances of the sky and clouds, and also note the rain or snow-fall, the temperature and the winds, and naturally associate these phenomena with other events synchronous with them, and the resulting association of ideas gives rise to a "weather saying." Thus, it has been noticed that a red sky at sunset has generally been followed by fair weather the next day, while on the contrary, should the sky be red at sunrise a wet day is apt to follow. This occurrence has been carefully stated, as follows:

"Evening red and morning gray, sends the traveler on his way. But evening gray and morning red, brings down rain upon his head."

Here we have a true weather saying, based upon accurate observation of two synchronous events, the redness of the sky and the absence or presence of rain and, as is natural in cases of folk-lore, the adage takes the form of a rhyme, and being thus adage-mnemonic is more easily remembered. Many such sayings are general in their nature, and originating in one country are applicable in other lands as well, but the greater part of them are local in their character and fall of truth if transposed from their native place. Some of these sayings are undoubtedly true, but more are but partially so, and not a few are entirely devoid of truth and sink to the level of mere unreasoning superstition.

Weather sayings come from various sources. They may originate among farmers or sailors or others whose calling depends largely upon the state of the weather, and who are ignorant of the ways of science and only observe what they see before them. Such sayings are as often right as wrong. Or they may arise from superstition, in which case they are almost always wrong. Or a few may be founded upon discriminating observation, in which case they are very apt to be correct. Many sayings are derived from the observation of animals and of the effect which an impending change in the weather has upon their habits. Cats and fowls seem to be favorite subjects for such observation.

More of a superstitious nature are indications based upon the weather of certain days as foretelling the weather for other days, and such have no real value. The well-known superstition about the woodchuck seeking his shadow upon Candlemas Day, February 2, is of this sort, and is not reliable. Errors of this kind are such sayings as that "clouds bring cold weather," but such as that "for in February brings frost in May," and also the saying that St. Matthew, whose feast-day falls on February 24, "breaks the ice," or if he finds none will make some, are of value as showing that the weather is equalized in a year's course.

A halo around the sun, or the presence of "sun-dogs," is indicative of cold, and this is explained by the fact that such phenomena are due to the reflection of the sun's rays upon ice-particles in the air. A mirage, often seen upon the southern New England coast, is indicative of rain. A cloud cap upon the summit of a mountain foretells foul weather. The sun "drawing water" is a sign of rain, the sun's rays seeming visible because the shadow of the clouds is shown upon the moisture gathering in the sky. "The old moon in the new moon's arms" is a sign of fine weather, because the air is so clear and free from moisture that we can readily see that part of the moon's surface which is illuminated by light reflected from the earth's surface though not by direct sunlight. All these signs are true ones and are explicable by actual fact and by scientific laws.

Some weather-sayings are actually absurd, as "It is too cold to snow," when in the Arctic regions snow comes when the air is at a temperature of 60° below zero. "The wind backing to the north" is a fallacious expression, and this was explained by Mr. Bliss by a blackboard diagram illustrating the advance and progress of a storm from the center of the United States eastward and northward along the New England coast, showing that the cyclonic motion of the wind around the storm-center will cause it to appear as "backing," though in reality it obeys a fixed law.

The lecture was a thoroughly interesting one, and the only drawback to a pleasant meeting was the extremely cold weather which prevented many people from venturing from their firesides. Those who heaved the weather were abundantly rewarded.

Real Estate Transactions.

DeBals & Eldridge have rented for Professor Raphael Pampelly, his cottage on the easterly side of Fifth avenue, to Mr. W. W. Finley of Washington, D. C. for the coming season. Simon Hazard has sold for Isaac Lincoln Sherman of Middletown, to Henry C. Stevens of Newport, a lot of land with the buildings thereon bounded westerly on Fore Street, northerly on the City Cemetery, and easterly and southerly on land of the estate of William Stevens, deceased.

Simon Hazard has sold for Harriet N. Ward and Sarah M. Ward of the town of Middletown, about 3 acres of land situate in said Middletown with frontage on Bliss road, it being that tract of land next adjoining on the east and north one property of the New York Hygienic Ice and Water Company with a frontage on Easton's Pond. The purchaser is Stewart Richards and it is understood that he will use the land for nursery purposes in connection with his already established nursery business on Bliss Road.

Rhode Island Officers.

The following is a complete list of the Officers (Regular) of the United States Army and Navy, now in the service, who were born in, and appointed from the State of Rhode Island, which has been compiled for the Mercury from the Official Registers for 1900.

(a) Indicates that the officer was appointed (only) from Rhode Island, and (b) was born (only) in Rhode Island.

ARMY.

Major General Frank Wheaton, Retired. Major General Zenas R. Bliss, Retired. Brigadier General Samuel T. Cushing, Retired. Colonel George L. Andrews, Retired.

(b) Colonel William H. Blisbee, 13th Infantry. Lieutenant Colonel James B. M. Potter, Retired. Lieutenant Colonel Benjamin C. Carl, Retired.

(b) Major William P. Gould, Retired. (b) Major John Pitman, Ordnance Department. (b) Major Harry C. Cushing, Retired. (a) Major Benjamin H. Rogers, Retired. Major George Andrews, Adjutant General's Dept. (b) Major Carroll H. Potter, 14th Infantry. (b)

Major William Ennis, 6th Artillery. Major Marlborough C. Wyeth, Medical Dept. (b) Major Richard E. Thompson, Signal Corps. (a) Captain William H. Walcott, Retired.

(a) Captain Charles Wheaton, Retired. Captain Thomas F. Tobey, Retired. (b) Captain Charles H. Greene, Retired. Captain William F. Stewart, 4th Artillery. (b) Captain Charles L. Hodges, 25th Infantry. (b) Captain William J. Turner, 2d Infantry. (b) Captain Carver Howland, 4th Infantry. (b) Captain Robert F. Ames, 5th Infantry. (b) Captain Lyman W. V. Kennon, 6th Infantry. (a) Captain Charles D. Parkhurst, 2d Artillery. (a) Captain Benjamin H. Randolph, 3d Artillery. Captain Albert Todd, 6th Artillery. (b) Captain Charles W. Abbot, Jr., 12th Infantry. Captain Edwin P. Pendleton, 23d Infantry. Captain Charles B. Vodge, 1st Infantry. (a) Captain Alvarado M. Fuller, 9th Cavalry. (b) Captain Harry R. Lee, 11th Infantry. (b) Lieutenant Thomas B. Briggs, Retired. (b) 1st Lieutenant Alexander W. Gatchell, 5th Artillery. 1st Lieutenant George M. Davis, 1st Infantry. 1st Lieutenant John E. Hunt, 23rd Infantry. (b) 1st Lieutenant Edward A. Roche, 13th Infantry. 1st Lieutenant Stanley Howland, 24th Infantry. 2d Lieutenant Alexander M. Wetherill, 6th Infantry. (a) 2d Lieutenant Guy Cushman, 2d Cavalry. (b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

(b) 2d Lieutenant Neil A. Campbell, 19th Infantry.

Middletown.

COURT OF PROBATE—The Court of Probate held its regular monthly session at the Town Hall on Monday afternoon, when all the members were present and action taken on the following estates:

Estate of John Gibson: Will proven and ordered recorded. Letters testamentary granted to Thomas J. Gibson and Joseph Gibson, as Executors, they being required to give bond in the sum of \$5,000, with sufficient sureties.

Estate of Philip Caswell, Mr. Caswell having arrived to lawful age, and having received full possession of his estate from the hands of his former guardian, Alexander N. Barker, and having released and fully discharged his former guardian and surety from all claims and liability, the release is presented to the Court of Probate with a petition praying that the same may be entered in the Records thereof. This petition was granted.

Estate of Ann Potter Shove: Abram C. Shove presents his petition for the probate of the will of said Ann P. Shove and for letters testamentary on her estate to be granted him, as the executor of said will. This petition was referred to the third Monday of March and notice ordered thereon.

Town Council—Orders on the dog fund were granted to William A. Stoddard for \$10.00, V. A. Vauclerk for \$11.40, and Albert H. Hayward, Jr., for \$10.50.

Joel Peckham, Collector of Taxes, presented an account with the taxes assessed in 1898, by which it appeared that \$18,245.45, the total amount of town tax assessed for 1898 had been collected, and in addition \$90.55 interest on taxes not paid when due. Also that \$22.00 had been collected in payment of poll taxes assessed for 1898, that being exactly one-half of the sum of poll taxes assessed for that year.

The account of the Collector for collecting these taxes amounting to \$113.34, was allowed and ordered paid from the town treasury.

C. Henry Congdon presented an account for removing snow from the highways of his Road District in January last, amounting to \$18.60.

Charles A. Peckham presented an account for cutting down and grading hill in Green End avenue amounting to \$112.81.

R. Jason Grinnell presented an account for services as Assistant Moderator in April, 1899, \$5.

These accounts were severally allowed and ordered paid.

The Council adjourned to meet at the Town Hall on Monday next, at two p. m., as a Board of Canvassers when the preliminary canvass of the voting lists will be made.

The Town Council convened as a Board of Canvassers on Monday and made the preliminary canvass of the voting lists. When completed, the lists showed a substantial gain in number, as compared with similar lists of 1899. The list of voters qualified to vote generally comprised 163 freeholders and 38 voters by registration, giving a total of 201, a gain of 19 over the general list of February, 1899. The list on all questions included 163 freehold voters and 63 who voted by registration, and the payment of a tax on personal property making a total of 226, 112 more than the same list included in 1899. The lists were ordered printed and posted and March 30, at two p. m. was fixed as the time for making the final canvass of the same.

C. Henry Congdon, Surveyor of Road District No. 1, presented an account for clearing highways from snow in February and shovelling out gutters obstructed thereby, amounting to \$122.99, which was allowed and ordered paid. Albert H. Hayward, Jr., presented a claim for damages to poultry from dogs amounting to \$8.20, which was allowed and he was granted an order on the dog fund.

Is COURT OF PROBATE—Samuel McAdam and William Hamilton of Newport were accepted as sureties on the bond of Thomas J. Gibson and Joseph Gibson, executors of the will of John Gibson, and James McAdam, Sidney B. Gladding and Arthur B. Commerford were appointed appraisers on his estate.

Monday was the 20th anniversary of the marriage of Senator and Mrs. A. Herbert Ward, and that the occasion was known and remembered by their many friends was evidenced by the sudden appearance of a small army of acquaintances who called to pay their respects in the evening. Their coming was a complete surprise and as they brought with them the willingness to make merry a very pleasant evening was passed. A large drag brought out quite a number of friends from Newport to share in the festivities.

As the anniversary was known as a china wedding, Mr. and Mrs. Ward were presented with a handsome, complete china dinner set, the presentation speech being made by Rev. R. S. Moore, pastor of the Methodist church. The recipients responded in a few brief words. During the evening vocal and instrumental music was rendered, the festivities being prolonged until a late hour. There were about 150 friends present.

The Republicans of this town will meet in caucus on Friday evening March 9th at 7:30 o'clock at the Town Hall, to choose delegates to the state and district conventions and also to nominate candidates for Senator and Representative.

During the storm of last Saturday night Fireman Hawley of Tug Meldermott fell from the wharf at Block Island and was drowned. The body was recovered and was brought to this city on Steamer Danielson, whence it was shipped to New London for interment.

Mr. and Mrs. William D. Sayer have the sympathy of their many friends in their recent bereavement by the death of their infant son, Powell Finch Sayer, who died on Monday.

Owing to the severe rain storm there was no session of the public schools Thursday afternoon.

Across the River.
When for me the silent air
Parts the silent river—
And I stand upon the shore
Of the strange forever:
Shall I miss the loved and known,
Shall I vainly seek mine own?

Can the bonds that make us here
Know ourselves immortal,
Drop away like foliage here
At life's inner portal?
What is holier below
Must forever live and grow.

He who plants within our hearts
All this deep affection,
Giving when the form departs
Fondness, recollection,
Will but clasp the unbroken chain
Closer when we meet again.

Therefore dread I not to go
Over the silent river;
Death, thy hasting on I know,
Dear me, thou life-giver,
Through the waters to the shore
Where mine own have gone before.
—Lucy Larcom.

CAPTAIN DICK

"Captain Dick Wells and Mrs. Wells, formerly Dick Hall, will leave next week for San Francisco en route for Portland, Ore."

"This is the item that headed the personal column of the Arizona papers recently."

Back of this is a story that has set all Arizona agog—the tale of a woman masquerading as cowboy attire, lassoing cattle, taking part in shooting scrapes, leading the wild, free adventurous life of the Arizona vaquero—the story of a woman who, because her father had been hanged as a horse thief, changed her name, hid her sex, and the beating of hoof and the whizzing of bullet, sought to drown the memory of the disgrace. As a fitting finale, when her sex was discovered, she married "Captain Dick," the bravest and boldest cowboy in all Arizona.

It is a story kindled with strange and dramatic incidents that could occur nowhere save in Arizona, where still pulse fiction to bluish and boot and spur have not altogether given away to patent leathers.

It was just about a year ago that a slender, clean-shaven youth asked for work at one of the big cattle ranches near Williams. Captain Dick, who was the leader of the cowboys, engaged the "tenderfoot," and "Jack Hall," the name the applicant for work gave, won his spurs in the annual rodeo for which the cowboys were then preparing.

By day Jack sat his horse rounding up the cattle and at night slept on the ground. He was quiet and distant towards the other cowboys, but for the most part they liked him. Before the first month had passed he had an opportunity to show his mettle.

A number of cowboys were spending the night in a typical Arizona town—one saloon per every fifteen inhabitants. Jack Hall, in search of Captain Dick, dropped into one of the saloons. A cowboy, revolver in hand, was acting as master of ceremonies, while in the middle of the floor the barkeeper, half dead from fatigue, was doing a dance, to the amusement of the rest of the cowboys.

When the barkeeper attempted to stop swirling his feet, the cowboy shouted for more dancing, and the master of ceremonies encouraged the barkeeper by popping his pistol dangerously near his feet.

Jack Hall watched the scene in silence until he saw that the barkeeper reached the limit of his endurance. Then he doffed his hat and, turning it on him, said: "If you want any more dancing, do it yourself."

The cowboy snatched another one, but Jack Hall was too quick for him. There was a quick, sharp report and a cry of pain. The cowboy was wounded in the right arm.

Then Jack Hall did a strange thing. He was the fingers that bandaged his adversary's wounds. He attended to him, even cutting his food for him, until the cowboy was well. After that he was christened Nurse Jack and more often called simply "Nurse."

He had an almost womanish way of caring for them if they fell ill. "He ain't a drinker and he can't play cards worth a hill of beans, but he's all right doing medicine and such things," explained the cowboys. Moreover he was all right when it came to handling a horse or a revolver, which after all counts more points in the cowboy's estimation than bottle or cards. Beside he had a firm ally Captain Dick, which, in Arizona, is the open sesame to any cowboy's friendship.

Captain Dick did win his position among the Arizona cowboys without first proving his strength of his good right arm. Captain Dick has never been a believer in the law's delay. He has assisted at more hangings than any sheriff in the territory. Nor have the victims of his sense of justice afterward been proven innocent. Captain Dick makes sure of the offender's guilt before he ties the knot.

It was in 1892, while he was still very young, that Captain Dick's popularity reached the high water mark. General Fremont, the new Governor of the Territory had introduced a bill in the Legislature, which was then in session, asking that several thousand dollars be put aside to equip a company of militia to be sent to the southern part of the territory to subdue the cowboys.

The older inhabitants and members of the Legislature scouted the idea. The request for the militia had come from a New England green grocer, who had not yet become acclimated to the cowboy and his harmless Fourth of July parties in town.

"What will the militia do?" demanded the legislators. "Shoot the cowboys if they misbehave. Order even at the price of blood," replied the erstwhile patriot.

Then a member from a Yavapai County read a letter from "Captain Dick" inviting the militia to come to the southern part of the territory.

There are members of that legislature who treasure a copy of that letter to this day, and challenge any one to produce anything as funny from Mark Twain or Bill Nye. Captain Dick proved his sense of humor and his cunning with the pen as well as pistol. Several of the legislators favored sending the militia just so as to give Captain Dick a chance to write the militia, epitaphs, which was the how he asked for bestowing the hospitality of the cowboys.

Several years ago a number of cowboys rode into Prescott and, after lightening all the barkeepers of the saloons into a comatose condition, breaking glassware and practicing fancy shots, they requested their

horses and rode through the town wildly shooting at the clouds.

A posse of citizens was formed, and a mile or two out of town they overtook the hilarious cowboys, killing one of them and wounding several.

The pursuit and killing aroused indignation throughout the territory. The cowboys had done no real or serious damage, according to Arizona ethics, and accordingly they should have been allowed to go their way unmolested. Besides, they had wasted all their ammunition and they had not a fair chance. Such was the general verdict of the affair.

The day after the killing Captain Dick rode into the town, galloped straight to the Mayor's office and dismounted. He left it with a folded piece of paper tucked in his belt. It bore the Mayor's signature promising to raise a certain amount of money for the families of the dead cowboys.

Two days later came a letter from Captain Dick to the town officials. It demanded an apology to the cowboys signed by the mayor and all the dignitaries of the town, with the money, or there would be some carefully aimed shooting from the cowboys, and it was promised that the townspeople would be at the wrong end of the guns this time.

The money and apology, carefully worded, besprinkled with seals and duly signed by leading citizens and officials, was hastily despatched to Captain Dick. The cowboys were satisfied with the apology and so the matter ended.

When this same Captain Dick was stricken with typhoid fever it was Jack who nursed him through the dangerous illness, and after that "Boy," which was the captain's name for the youth, usually rode by the captain's side.

A year passed before the real identity of "Boy," or "Nurse Jack," was discovered. It all came through the teacher in the country school asking Jack to buy her some ribbon. It was late in the afternoon when Jack reached Williams, the nearest town. He was in a hurry, and the startled customers in the dry goods store hastily made way for a sun-browned cowboy on a horse, who rode straight up to the goods counter and demanded three yards of pink ribbon. It is perfectly proper for a cowboy to ride his horse in an Arizona saloon, but when it comes to a dry goods store it is a questionable procedure.

While the clerk was hastily measuring off the ribbon a lady customer came too close to the horse's hoofs and was knocked unconscious.

The constable and several deputies proved too many for Jack, and he was straightway marched to jail. Captain Dick came to town as soon as he heard of the affair. He called on "Boy" at the jail and to his surprise was shown the woman's ward. "Jack" had been forced to reveal her sex or he put in the men's quarters.

During the three days before the trial Captain Dick became accustomed to "Boy" in her new guise. She told him her story, how her father had been hanged; how her mother and little sisters had taken refuge with relatives in Portland, and she herself had changed her name from Helen Jackson to Jack Hall and remained in Arizona to live the life of a cowboy.

On the day of the trial the injured woman had recovered from her blow and refused to prosecute. However, the judge was called upon to use his official powers in the crowded courtroom, and Captain Dick and "Boy" were made husband and wife.

The story was soon known all over the territory.

Not only the cowboys on that particular range, but from far and wide the vaqueros have sent congratulations and gifts. "Nurse Jack's" wedding gifts will always remind her of her year of cowboy life—riding whips, Mexican saddles and silver spurs, to say nothing of several pairs of splendid riding boots and a dozen sombreros.

Capt. Dick Wells is going to take his wife to Portland to visit her family. Then they will return to the stirrup and Arizona, which means home to them.

The cowboys have promised not to call her Mrs. Wells. She wants to be "Nurse Jack" to them.

And Capt. Dick says he will always be "Boy" to him—San Francisco Call.

Mrs. Jones's View.

"I see that the author of 'The Man With the Hoe' is accused of plagiarism now," observed Jones, dropping his morning paper on the floor and turning his attention to the buckwheat cakes.

"It is something awful," replied Mrs. Jones, with the severest kind of an expression on her face, "the way these men go around the country marrying innocent women."

"Plagiarism," said Jones, loftily, "means a literary thief."

"Stole some books, did he?" "No, no; he simply pirated ideas. They claim that the girl wrote the poem several years ago."

"I don't see what they want to bring it up against her now for. She may have been young at the time and be trying to live it down, but no one is safe in these days of yellow journals."

And Mrs. Jones helped herself to another biscuit as she continued to look severely at her husband, as if it was all his fault.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

An Every Day Pudding.

An excellent every-day pudding may be made with a cupful of fruit juice as a foundation. Bring to the boiling point one cupful of water and one cupful of fruit juice. Dissolve three tablespoonsful of cornstarch in a little cold water, stir into the boiling sirup and cook ten minutes. Add one-half saltspoon of salt and sugar to make of the sweetness required. The quantity, of course, depends upon the tartness of the fruit used. Beat the whites of three eggs until foamy, but not too stiff, and stir into the pudding. Turn into a mold and set in a cool place to harden. Serve cold with a boiled custard made from the yolks of the eggs.

So Restful.

"So you like my play, Miss Wilbur?" said Penicent, with a self-satisfied smirk.

"Very much," replied the young woman. "The walk between the acts are so long and restful!"—Harper's Bazar.

A Highly Pleading Reply

Mrs. Sweet—Dearest, what is the prettiest thing in jewelry you have this year?

Mr. Sweet—I've seen nothing, my love, so charming as you.—The Jeweler's Weekly.

Divorces for Talking.

In China a woman may be divorced for talkativeness.

IVORINE Washing Powder
24 OZ. PACKAGE
Cake of Williams' "White Glycerine"
Toilet Soap in Every Package. **10¢**

A Mother's Song.

A mother sang to her one day
A song of the brave one above;
Sang it as only a woman sings
Whose heart is full of a mother's love.

And many a time in the years that
came
He heard the sound of that low,
sweet song:

It took him back to his childhood days;
It kept his feet from the paths of
wrong.

A mother spoke to her child one day
In an angry voice, that made him
start
As if an arrow he'd sped that way
And pierced his young and tender
heart.

And when he had grown to man's estate
And was tempted and tried as all
men are,
He felt, for that mother's angry words
Had left on his heart a lasting scar.
—Exchange.

THE JUDGE'S SON

On a hill, enclosed by large, low cedars, stood the old, moss-grown, vine-covered mansion of Judge Scarritt. His was the grandest house in the village, and he was the richest man. A winding path and drove led up to the low veranda where, in a hammock, and surrounded with dogs large and small, lay the only son of the old Judge. He was stretched out lazily and the half-smoked cigar had fallen to the floor.

Judge Scarritt's son was a handsome young fellow of twenty-two, possessing a fine athletic form, with six feet of brawn and muscle. He is the idol of his old father's heart, his constant companion and adviser. Adviser, because the Judge always asks his opinion before he decides any thing, and whatever the son thought best the Judge was sure to do.

People have called Judge Scarritt a hard, harsh old man, but, although he may have appeared so to others, he was gentle and kindness itself to his son. He was completely wrapped up in the boy, and his great love was returned. I never saw father and son so affectionate. Everything a young man could wish for the Judge's son had.

At the boy's birth the Judge's girl wife died. She smiled faintly as the little bundle of humanity was placed in her husband's arms.

"Love him, dear, for my sake—call him Andrew."

The Judge was broken-hearted over her death. He left the child under nurses' care and traveled unceasingly for a year or more.

It occurred to him one day that there was some one who had a claim on him, and he hurried back to his little son who had grown to be a healthy child. The Judge took him to the old stone mansion where his young wife had died, and it was there the little Andrew grew up into manhood.

"Hello, Jack, old boy; have I been asleep?" the young man in the hammock yawns, as he is awakened by one of the dogs licking his face.

At his voice the whole pack of dogs bounded around him, trying to show their canine caresses on his face. He laughingly sprang to his feet and strode down the path to see if the Judge was coming.

"My, it's warm," he exclaimed, wiping his face with his cambric handkerchief. "I see they want more men for Company F, Third Regiment. Guess I'll enlist to-morrow morning. What will father say, though? Well, I believe it to be my duty, and he mustn't interfere. Poor old dad! It will go hard with him, I reckon, but it must be done."

A horse with the Judge on its back appeared before him, and the eyes of both men lighted up with love as they met in the road.

"Ha, Andy, my boy, that you? I'm awfully warm; been out to Danstorough's. Where've you been?"

"None, none at all; only his son has enlisted and the old man feels pretty badly."

Andrew walked beside his father's horse home to the house, then went to his room to dress for supper.

"I see what; father isn't ever going to give his consent to my joining the army. I'll not ask it, for I intend to do it, and the sooner the better."

He rode over to see little Andy Gleason that evening and told her his intentions.

"Oh, Andy!" she cried.

"There, dearest, don't cry. You know I may not get killed. Won't you tell me to go, darling?" Andrew asked, stroking her soft hair.

"Yes, Andrew, I. It's not for me to beg you not to. You are going for a just cause, and God bless you and bring you back," she replied.

"Amen," Andrew said, folding her in his arms.

Next morning I met him down at Shark's and asked him if he was going to enlist.

"Yes, Kid," he answered (he always called me Kid). "O, my Andy! Won't you let me go with you? I can be your orderly," I pleaded.

"Ha! ha! ha!" he laughed. "Be my orderly! Too bad little Kid, but I'm afraid not."

He passed into the examination room and soon returned with a smile on his face.

"Are you mustered in?" I asked eagerly.

"Yes. Want to go with me to get my suit?"

I accepted gladly. He was soon dressed in the blue and then said he would go home.

I followed him and witnessed the meeting between the old Judge and his son Andrew.

"O, my son, my son!" the Judge cried. "What have you done?"

"Nothing, father, only enlisted. Come, brace up, I am my duty. Surely you do not think I have done wrong?"

"Andrew, my son! How can I let you go? Andy! Andy!"

"Now, father, don't! Please don't. I will come back."

The Judge could not be comforted. He knew what the chances were of his son coming back, and the blow was a heavy one.

The day came when the two had to part. The Judge broke down and had to be carried away.

Andy clung to her lover tearlessly; her very heart was being torn out it seemed. At last he had to leave her, and the last she saw of him was when he rushed past the guard to the platform of the fast going train and waved his cap as a last good-bye.

Weeks passed into months, and still the terrible fighting went on. (I forgot to tell you I ran away, and it was too late to send me back I showed my face. The boys made a pet of me and I was happy, for I was with Andy.)

I was nearly scared out of my wits and always hid when a fight was going on.

One day after a hard battle the boys returned to camp. Some were bleeding, some dying, and I was afraid my Andy had shared a worse fate, but my heart leaped with joy when I saw him coming towards me. His head was bound and his face haggard and drawn with pain.

"Are you hurt?" I asked anxiously.

"Not bad. Only a cut. Where were you during the fight?"

"I hid in the woods."

He laughed, but not the free, merry laugh that used to ring out so joyously.

One morning they were preparing for battle, and I was helping Andy with his things.

"Look here, Kid; if I get killed you must go back to father and little Andy. Tell them I died thinking of them, on the field of battle. There, don't cry. You know I am liable to be shot, and again I may be spared. If I don't come back with the rest you must come and find me. Take this chain—it has a lock on the end with Andy's picture and a lock of her hair—

Take it to her. You'll find a little Bible in my inside coat pocket; take it to father. You may have the ring on my little finger. Be sure you find me if I don't come back. You can get to the folks before a letter could, so you must go right away. The boys will help you—they said so. Now, I must go. Good-bye, Kid. Perhaps I'll not see you again."

He was gone. The sultry day came to a close. The weary men came back, all that was left, but no Andy. I looked in vain for him.

One of the boys told me he was left on the field. Was he dead? He didn't know.

I ran to the ambulance and clambered to a seat beside the driver. We drove to the field in silence. I jumped down and began my search for the judge's son.

Still, cold faces were turned up to my anxious gaze and my heart ached when I thought of their loved ones who were waiting for them. Would Andy be dead? I stumbled over a soldier in my haste. A groan came from him and I stooped beside him.

"Mother," he feebly moaned. "Give me water."

I put my canteen to his parched lips and he drank eagerly. He looked up into my face and tried to thank me. His eyes spoke instead, then the poor fellow breathed his last.

I continued my search and at last found the one I was seeking.

One limb had been shot entirely off and his poor body was riddled with bullets. I sank down beside him and washed the blood off his face. He was dead, of course, but I called him by his name, entreating him to speak to me. I unclasped the chain, removed the ring from his finger, but didn't find the little Bible where he said it would be. I found it on the ground with a note pinned to its back. He had been able to finish it, and only the words, written in a scrawling, wandering way and smeared with his life blood, "Father and Andy, I have been called to go. Good-bye. I died—"

were on it.

I watched them bury him; then true to their word, the men sent me home.

No word could have gotten there as soon as I did, so I knew I would have to tell the news to the old Judge and Andy.

As I entered the little post office I saw the Judge and Andy coming from the window. Amy saw me first and ran towards me.

"Have you news from Andrew? Tell me quick. Is he alive?"

The Judge came up to us and I hardly knew him. He looked ten years older and his face was pale as death.

"Ah! You have come back; but where's my son?" he asked, hoarsely.

He read what I would say in my face and staggered against the wall. A crowd gathered around us and I saw Mrs. Gleason supporting her daughter.

"Tell us, boy, tell us. Is Andy Scarritt dead?" some one asked.

I pulled the chain and Bible out of my pocket, and gave the note to the Judge. He grabbed and read the few words, then fell with a groan to the floor.

I shall never forget that scene. The Judge and Amy were taken home; I went to the Scarritt mansion, but could not see the Judge. Days afterward he sent for me. I told him all.

The old Judge is an altogether different man. He goes around in a dazed sort of way and says he's half crazy. Poor old man. I reckon he is. He lived for his son and now he's gone the old gentleman cares for no one or anything.—Farmer's Advocate.

Vegetarian Shots.

Vegetarians who are so strict that they do not care to wear an article of clothing into which any animal properties are introduced are catered for in the boot line by a London bootmaker, who is the inventor of a vegetarian shoe. For some years he has been experimenting, and as a result, he has produced a boot in the construction of which there is absolutely no leather or leather of any description. Not only this, but, according to his assertion, these wear one-fourth longer than leather shoes, and the upper material is always soft and never cracks.

What Eggs Are Used For.

Calico print works use 40,000,000 dozen eggs every year, while chemists use 10,000,000 dozen, the photographers and other industries use many millions, and the demand increases more rapidly than the supply.

Charles M. Cole,
Pharmacist,
802 THAMES STREET,
NEWPORT, R. I.
Two Doors North of Post Office.

JAMES T. WRIGHT, Ph. G.,
REGISTERED PHARMACIST.

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

Manufacturer of Wright's Ointment, a Dispensary of the highest merit.

Wright's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil.

Wright's Blackberry Cordial.

Wright's Sarsaparilla, etc.,

Wright's Cough Syrup, etc.,

Washington Square, Newport, R. I.

GIFT YOUR
ICE CREAM.

—AT—
Koschny's,

230 & 232 THAMES STREET.

or at this

Branch Store, 16 Broadway.

Cake, Ice Cream

CONFECTIONERY.

STRICTLY FRESH

FIRST and EVERY

CLASS DAY.

ALEX. N. BARKER,

DEALER IN

Lumber and Hardware,

Brick, Lime, Cement, &c.,

205 Thames St.

—AND—

LOPEZ WHARF,

NEWPORT, R. I.

THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST!

"The Diamond C"

HAMS,

SHOULDERS

and

BACON

ARE CURED FROM R. I.

PORK AND CORN COB

SMOKED, AND ARE

THE BEST.

For Sale at

Coggeshall's Market,

2 & 4 Washington Square and 13 Thames Street.

Stoves!

Stoves!!

BEST VARIETY.

NO RISE IN PRICE.

WARRANTED

SATISFACTORY.

W. K. COVELL,

163 Thames Street.

ARCTIC ICE CO.

WHOLESALE

AND

Retail Dealers.

This company is prepared to furnish



A GOOD judge must have both experience and learning. A housekeeper should be a good judge for she too must have experience and learning or she may think that the soaps made to look like Ivory Soap are just as good. With experience she will know that they lack the remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ivory Soap—99 1/2 per cent. pure.

QUARRIES CLOSED.

Contest In New England May Be a Long and Costly One.

Granite Workers Upraised to Call of the National Union.

Boston, March 2.—The New England states as a whole face what may result in the longest and costliest labor contest for years. The granite cutters are among the best paid artisans in the east, and the sum total of the wages they will lose if the strike, which began on Thursday, is a protracted one, will be exceedingly large.

The strike, it appears, is general, although there are some indications that individual settlements will be reached quickly. The strike is due to an article in the constitution and by-laws of the National Cutters' union, which says "that the new scale of wages on March 1 shall be \$3 a day, and eight hours."

Granite manufacturing is widely distributed, as quarries crop out in all parts of the Appalachian range in this corner of the Union, each locality having its own particular grade or color of granite. At Quincy there is much monumental work; at Concord, N. H., and Barre, Vt., fine building stone, while the quarries on the island along the Maine coast and at points not far inland yield material which enters into some of the most imposing structures in the country. Throughout Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut, are scattered quarries of more or less extent, each of which provides the means of employment for many artisans.

At the call of the National union, most of these quarries were deserted today by their most skilled workmen, the cutters, and the first step has been taken to enforce a demand. The grievance of the cutters is that their time and wage schedules have not been uniform. Manufacturers heretofore have governed their price list to cutters on individual ability of the employee. The demand of \$3 per day has been paid to skilled cutters, but they object to the demand that that figure be the minimum price paid. The eight-hour demand, while objected to in many instances, has not been the chief question, as most quarries have long worked on the nine-hour schedule.

The strike is not a hasty one on the part of the cutters, nor a surprise to the manufacturers. The latter were given ample notice of the union's intentions, and the past few weeks have seen much of the material worked up into finished product. It is a remarkable feature that the granite business has been very brisk all winter, and cutters have had little or no dull time. The union men, accordingly, are in good shape for a strike, but they claim that the manufacturers have contracts on hand representing millions of dollars.

The New England Granite Manufacturers' association, which represents a majority of the quarries, replied to the cutters' notice that it was not possible to grant the request, as the margins of profit on contracts already on hand would not allow readjustment of wages and hours. Contrary to the general aspect of strikes, this one begins with very little preliminary debate between employer and employee, evincing the belief of the National union that the manufacturers will accede to the demand with little delay.

Puerto Rican Measure Passes.
Washington, March 2.—The battle royal over the Puerto Rican bill ended in the house in a sweeping victory for the Republicans. The bill, amended as agreed upon at the conference of Republicans on Monday night so as to reduce the tariff from 25 to 15 percent of the American tariff and limiting its life to two years, was passed by a vote of 172 yeas to 161 nays.

Follows Waterbury's Example.
Danbury, Conn., March 2.—Mayor Charles Kerr of this city has sent notice to the managers of the local theatre that he will not issue any license for the production of "Sophie," booked for this city March 8. This is in line with the crusade against the production of the play in Connecticut, which was inaugurated by Mayor Kilbuck of Waterbury.

Youthful Criminal Sentenced.
Bangor, Me., March 2.—Fred W. Merrill, 16 years old, who attempted several times to wreck the trains which run between Bangor and Old Town, was sentenced in the supreme court to 15 years at hard labor in the state prison.

ROBERTS' VICTORY.

Cronje's Army Yields After Most Stubborn Defense.

Ladysmith Seized by Arrival of Dundonald's Cavalry.

London, March 2.—Reports from all parts of the country show flag-bolting, bell-ringing and great jubilation in celebration of the victory of Lord Roberts. Cronje surrendered unconditionally to Lord Roberts Tuesday morning and the Free State leader is a prisoner in the British camp at Paardeberg. The Camdeans led the advance which compelled the surrender. The immediate measure of this British success is the capture of what is left of the Boer army which has been grimly holding out in a hopeless position since Feb. 17, together with such guns as they had with them. Concerning the number of these guns there is no information at hand.



LORD ROBERTS OF KANDAHAR.

The removal of this force from the chessboard of war will prove a considerable physical factor in determining the course of future events, but its moral effect will very likely prove even greater. On the other hand, Cronje's 10 days' resistance may have given the Boers time to concentrate on a second line of defense, and the time gained may be some slight offset to the force lost.

Roberts' next objective, presumably, is Bloemfontein, which with its rail connection with the Cape Colony through the Stormberg mountains would be a convenient base for a march on Pretoria. The district south of the Orange river appears to have become untenable to the Boers, and it will create no surprise if these commands are speedily withdrawn before Clements and Gatacre, who in that event would join Roberts.

Lord Dundonald's cavalry entered Ladysmith Wednesday night. General Buller, whose main body is apparently at Netherby, four miles south, visited General Buller Thursday. The country south of Ladysmith he reports cleared of the Boers. The siege of 119 days has been raised, and only the arrival of convoys with food and supplies for the long-suffering garrison is necessary to complete the relief of the town, a task which has cost Buller's army upwards of 6000 men.



LORD DUNDONALD.

To the strategy of Lord Roberts is due the relief of Ladysmith at this time. His invasion of the Free State and capture of Cronje's army has made the Boer positions in Natal and north Cape Colony untenable, and it was undoubtedly due to the fact that the main Boer army before Ladysmith was withdrawn to the second line of defense that Buller was able to fight his way to his present position, from which it was possible to dispatch a flying column into the beleaguered town.

A War Tax Question.
Boston, March 2.—An attachment in the sum of \$10,000 has been placed in the hands of a United States marshal to serve on Collector of Internal Revenue Gill for Herbert I. Hildreth, manufacturer of candy, advertised to cure coughs, colds, etc. Mr. Gill had decided that this brand of candy was subject to the war tax, holding that it advertised as a patent medicine. The tax was paid under protest.

Puerto Rican Bill Condemned.
Portland, Me., March 1.—At the regular monthly meeting of the Portland board of trade it took occasion to emphatically endorse the views expressed by Congressman Littlefield on the Puerto Rican bill. Resolutions condemning the Puerto Rican bill and favoring free trade with that island were unanimously adopted.

United Workmen Elect Officers.
Boston, March 2.—At the convention of the grand lodge, Ancient Order of United Workmen, the election of officers resulted as follows: Master workman, Walter Leigh, New Haven; foreman, O. A. Ward, Rochester; overseer, R. M. Griswold, Providence; recorder, J. E. Bart, Montreal; receiver, T. F. Temple, Boston.

Tiverton.

Alonso F. Hart, the town's tax collector, has issued notices to the effect that he will be at the police station in District No. 2, Saturday, March 3d, from 12 m. to 4 p. m., and at the Town Hall Monday, 5th inst., from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m., and further adds that any person against whom a poll tax has been assessed and not paid at the close of business March 3, 1900, will be served with the usual notices at an expense of 25 cents to such person, and all poll taxes not paid within five days of said notice, will be collected by law.

There were eight deaths in the month of January, 1900, whose ages were 69, 84, 79, 75, 69, 67, 67, the eighth death being an infant of a few days.

Herbert Negus has rented his cottage on Evans avenue to Charles J. Sprague.

Mr. Charles A. Hamby and daughter Olive left town for Boston Tuesday morning to visit Mr. and Mrs. Edmund V. Potter of that city.

Platte Blendeau of Fall River has sold to Severin Jean and Noel Jean of Fall River two parcels of land in Tiverton; the first contains the home-lease estate of Asa Cornell, deceased, comprising thirty-four acres; the second parcel is the eastern lot of the Thomas Simmons land, and comprises one acre.

Elias A. Tuttle and James T. Milne of Fall River have sold to William Greenhalgh of Fall River sixty-nine and 27-100 rods of land situated on Quaker Hill, being lot No. 9, on plan of land made by Wolstenholme and Co.

Olivia W. Seabury of Newport has sold to Job Wordell of Tiverton twenty-eight acres of land situated east of the Four Corners, and known as the "Lloyd Lot", being part of the estate of the late Holder N. Wilcox.

Mr. Herbert Ambler, house painter, left town on Monday on a business engagement in Newport.

An entertainment of song and readings was given in the Congregational Church on Tuesday evening by the members of the singing class in charge of Edward Y. Mason, organist of the Baptist Temple, Fall River. The following programme was pleasingly carried out: Chorus, "Morning Invitation," sung by class; reading, "Sunshine Johnson," Carrie G. Bly; violin solo, "Air Variations," Frank Holding, Boston; chorus, "Jeremiah," blow the first; Miss Alice Schlegel and class; reading, "It was not a success," Carrie G. Bly; New Bedford; chorus, "In Eden's Bowers so Lovely," and "The Rustic Hero," violin solo, "Fest Polonaise," Frank Holding; reading, "Jonah's Infernal Machine," Carrie G. Bly; chorus, "Evening Bells," Misses Alice Schlegel, Ethel Wilcox and class. Edward Y. Mason was the piano accompanist. The audience was a large and appreciative one and several of the numbers called for an encore.

During the high wind of Saturday night the catboat "La Parole," owned by Louis Lorenzer, parted her moorings and went on the rocks of the railroad bridge, and was badly damaged. The boat had only been launched Saturday after having been put in thorough repair. The loss to the owner is a great misfortune, as he has a large family dependent on him for support.

Little Compton.

At the last regular meeting of Little Compton Grange, a committee of five was appointed to report respectively on plans and costs to build a Grange Hall. Remarks were made by several members.

AMERICA'S FINANCIAL POWER

Disclosed by a Loan to Russian Government by New York Financial Institutions.

New York, March 2.—The Herald says: Ignoring the Berlin, London, Paris and the other European banking centers, the Russian imperial government has come to New York for a loan. A syndicate of banks, trust companies and insurance companies of this city have just arranged the purchase of an issue of \$25,000,000 of 4 percent bonds, representing a first mortgage on the Vladikavkas railway system. The principal and interest of these bonds are guaranteed by the Russian government and are payable in American gold dollars at the New York Security and Trust company.

The nature and size of this loan and the disclosure which it makes of this country's present position as a financial power of the world is its most interesting feature. Another is its surprising showing as to Russia's purchases in the American market of iron, steel, coal and finished machinery. Besides, there is the fact of a gold loan guaranteed by one of the great European powers selling in the American market at a price which nets the syndicate slightly more than 4 percent.

The first \$10,000,000 of the bonds has just been delivered in New York, and a payment of \$5,000,000 has been made on account. This money is now deposited to the credit of the Russian government at the office of J. P. Morgan & Co., the National City bank and the New York Security and Trust company.

Woman Burned to Death.

Chelsea, Mass., March 2.—Mrs. H. M. Lee, a widow, aged 70, living on Walnut street, was burned to death in her home on Wednesday. The waste pipe in the room in which she was found was frozen, and the condition of the room indicated that she had attempted to thaw it out, her clothes catching fire during the operation.

Run On Unlucky.

Newton, Mass., March 2.—Joseph A. Ryan, the only survivor of the explosion which occurred on Monday at the fireworks manufacturing, is considerably improved. Physicians say that his eyesight will undoubtedly be restored. The funerals of Michael J. Dixon and Henry Miller, the other victims, were held today.

Church Preaches by Fire.

Leicester, Mass., March 2.—At an early hour Sunday morning lightning struck the steeple of the First Congregational church, causing a fire which completely destroyed the building. The loss is about \$20,000. The church was one of the largest edifices of its kind in the state. It was built in 1865, and \$5000 was spent in repairs last summer.

Flour Trust Collapses.

Milwaukee, March 2.—Judge Jenkins in the United States court has appointed three receivers for the United States Milling company, otherwise known as the flour trust. The collapse of the company was due, it is said, to its inability to float its securities on the open market.

FRINGE

Is all right in its place, but not on the bottom of your trousers. You can brighten up your old suit wonderfully by substituting a pair of new trousers for the old one.

Special Tomorrow.

125 Pairs of Worsted Stripe TROUSERS, really worth \$4, at
\$3.00 A PAIR.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.

208 THAMES STREET. 208

MONDAY MORNING

WILL SEE OUR

Great January Sale of Millinery

IN FULL BLOOM, AT

SCHREIER'S Queen Anne Millinery Establishment, 143 THAMES STREET.

Trimmed Hats, Bonnets, Toques,

At prices that speak for themselves. A fine assortment and stylish goods to select from.

All colors in FUR AND WOOL FELT

OUTING HATS,

Former price \$1.98 now your choice at 98 cents.

" " \$1.50, " " " 73 cents.

" " \$1.25, " " " 49 cents.

A large line of untrimmed hats in

Fur and Wool Felt at 10, 25 and 50 cents.

Come early and you will get the BEST.

Alpha Home Pudding, THE LATEST THING OUT.

Scotch Oats, fresh

Smalley Fruit Jars,

NEW DESIGNS.

S. S. THOMPSON.

Newport Illuminating Company,

Electric Light, Electric Power,

Electric Supplies,

Incandescent and Arc Lamp

Electric Motors, Electric Fans,

Fixtures and Shades.

Residences, stores and offices wired for and lighted by

Incandescent Electric Light at lowest rates.

NEWPORT ILLUMINATING COMPANY,

419 to 455 THAMES STREET.

THE GARDINER B. REYNOLDS CO.

===COAL===

All the best varieties of Family and Greenhouse Coal. A full stock of fresh mined Coal. For the convenience of our uptown trade and for FARMERS we have stocked our uptown wharf, opposite H. A. Heath & Co.'s.

Franklin of Lyken's Valley, Lorberry,

Pittston Coal always in Stock.

Assistance in loading. Main Office opposite Post Office. Phone 222-3.

Uptown Office Sherman's wharf. Phone No. 222-2

Christmas Presents.

BOOTS, SHOES,

RUBBERS AND

SLIPPERS.

EXAMINE OUR LARGE STOCK.

The T. Mumford Seabury Co., NEWPORT, R. I.

Knights of the Cross.

By Henry K. Senkewicz. 2 vols.

A Devotee and a Darling.

By Helen M. Samson.

A Rational Marriage.

By Florence Marryat.

The World's Mercy.

By Maxwell Gray.

ALBERT ROSS' NEW NOVEL,

STRANGER THAN FICTION.

Carr's Book Shop,

DAILY NEWS BUILDING.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles and cures Constipation. It regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 N. BROAD ST., NEW YORK CITY.

The Workbox.

CROCHETED GOLF TOQUE.

These toques are very fashionable for ladies. Procure two skeins of Fleisher's Germantown worsted of one shade, or if desired, one skein each of different shades. Use a No. 2 bone hook, one piece of bonnet wire.

Chain 4 stitches, join round. Two double crochets in each, inserting hook through the whole stitch (double crochets, is insert needle in stitch, draw yarn through, then through two stitches twice).

Next row, 1 double in each stitch. Continue in this way, keeping the crown round and flat by making 2 double whenever it seems too tight, or falls; 21 rounds is large enough for most heads.

When the crown is finished, catch down tight in last stitch of round, chain 1, skip 2, 1 treble in next hole, chain 1, skip 2, 1 treble in next, with 1 chain between each, chain 1, skip 2, 1 double in next, chain 1, skip 2, 1 double in next. Continue in this way until there are 4 groups of 3 treble crochets. Then continue chain 1, skip 2, 1 treble, etc.

21 row—Work the same way, chain 1, 1 treble in each space. In each group of 3 treble make 4 treble, that is, 2 treble in each side of 3 treble, with 1 chain between. To commence the wind-over border, hold hook with stitch on it between the thumb, first and second finger of left hand, wind yarn over 9 times if two colors are used (that is, using a strand of each color at once), or eighteen times if one color is used.

If two colors are used, join second color when the wind-over border is begun, slip finger out, catch tight with 1 stitch, chain 1, catch down in first space, chain 1, wind again, etc., all around, putting a wind-over in each space. Work the same way on upper row, so as to have two rows of wind-overs in the two rows of spaces made by the border of double crochets. Run a piece of round hat wire throughfulness made by widening, draw up, insert a needle or a feather, draw up crown on wrong side to cover ends of wire, and put in a few stitches with large needle and wool to hold pompon in place. Wear pompon in front.

EVA M. NILES.

Milk Dealer—What did you say to Mrs. Sharpe yesterday, when you called for her money?

Driver—Nothing particular. Why?

Milk Dealer—She said word that she don't want us to serve her any more. You must have said something to offend her.

Driver—No, I didn't. I simply asked her for the money for the week's milk. She says, "You'd better chalk it up" and I says, "We do that already."

"No, sir," said the obdurate tradesman, "you'll have to pay cash before the goods are delivered."

"I'd like to know why?" demanded the hard-up customer.

"Well," replied the tradesman, determinedly, "it's a matter of principle with me. I don't want to place myself in the position of fostering a trust."

Baltimore News.

Mrs. Wunder—I see where a man out West is going to run a paper on strictly religious principles.

Mr. Wunder—He can't do it.

Mrs. Wunder—Did you ever hear of a newspaper office that could get along without the devil?—Baltimore American.

Customer—I want to get a watch; but I want one with a water-tight case.

Fresh Clerk—All right, sir; you can put any of them in soak without hurting 'em a bit. —Philadelphia Record.

Small Boy—Papa, do they kill more hogs in Chicago than anywhere else in the United States?

Papa—That's what they say, but it doesn't seem like it when you ride in the street cars there. —Detroit Free Press.

First Little Girl—I'm never going to speak to you again; your father keeps a saloon.

Second Little Girl—And I'm not going to speak to you any more; I saw your father go into it. —Puck.

Jag-by (after the show)—The antics of the comedian were certainly laughable.

Mrs. Jagby—Yes; and I suppose you went out between the acts to smile, didn't you? —Chicago News.

Hewitt—I saw the sun rising when I was getting up this morning.

Jewett—Then the sun didn't rise on schedule time. —Harper's Bazar.

LOCAL AND CLIMATIC.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Olives relief at once.

Open and cleanse the nasal passages.

Always Indispensable.

tion. Heals and Protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. No Mercury. No Fumigous fumes. Eucalypti, Salicyls, Family Use. ELY BROTHERS, 55 Warren Street, New York.

COLD IN HEAD.

Nothing but a local remedy or chance of climate will cure

CATARRH.

This is the only Ely's Cream Balm.

It is quickly absorbed.

Historical and Genealogical.

Notes and Queries.

In sending matter to this department the following rules must be observed: 1. Names and dates must be clearly written. 2. The full name and address of the writer must be given. 3. Names of persons must be given in full. 4. Write on one side of the paper only. 5. Do not write queries unless you give the date of the paper, the number of the query and the signature. 6. Letters are addressed to contributors, or to be forwarded, must be sent in blank stamped envelopes, accompanied by the number of the query and the signature. Direct all communications to: R. H. TILLEY, Newport, R. I.

NOTES.

STANTON—Will the correspondent "H. A. W." who gave some items concerning the "Stanton Family" in the Mercury of Feb. 17, 1900, kindly give the authority for some of his statements in that article? They contrasted with the same item given in Austin's Dictionary of Rhode Island, and a Stanton descendant is anxious to know which is authoritative. The discrepancies are as follows: Is there proof of the death of Robert Stanton as of August 5, that Lois was the name of Robert's wife; that David was the name of Robert's elder son; that John Stanton, his younger son; died 1798; that Henry was the son of Mary Hamble and John Stanton; that Henry was born June 25, 1678.—J.

STANTON—H. A. W. in Mercury of Feb. 17, says that the wife of Robert Stanton, born 1692, was Lois. Austin's Genealogical Dictionary says his wife was Avis. And their children were: Sarah, John 1640, married 1661 to Henry "Thibbe," John born 1645, Aug. 9; Daniel born 1648. In the second generation John Stanton born 1645, married Mary Hamble and had issue: Mary 1665, June 4; Hannah 1670, Nov. 7; Talence 1672, Sept. 10; John 1674, April 22; Content 1675, Dec. 20; Robert 1675, May 4; Benjamin 1681, March 15. By second marriage to Mary Clark, widow of Gov. John Cranston, he had Henry born 1688, May 22. This Henry was the ancestor of Edwin M. Stanton, Sec. of War under Lincoln.

Copies of family record in my possession say that the father of Robert of Newport was Thomas and that he died at his son's house, very aged. Thomas Stanton of Stonington was probably a brother of Robert's. There was a Robert Stanton in Dorchester, Mass., 1652, who may have been a son of Robert of Newport.

Robert had another daughter Mary, born 1642. She was punished in Salem 1658 as a Quaker. Robert Stanton, born 1735, August 18, of John and Susanna Langhorne his 2d wife, married 1757, Jan. 10, to Elizabeth Whitehorn born 1732, daughter of John and Abby (P) Whitehorn of Newport. She died 1822, June 30. He died 1800, Oct. 12.

The record of this family in the handwriting of Judge Robert is as follows: From the Stanton Bible verbatim.

Robert Stanton and Elizabeth Whitehorn were married together the 18th January A. D. 1757.

1. Our daughter Abigail was born the 21st day of December on the 4th day of the week about 7 o'clock in the afternoon in the year A. D. 1757. Deceased June 23rd, A. D. 1760.

2. Our daughter Mary born February 24th on the 7th day of the week at Sun Rise A. D. 1760. Deceased October 29 A. D. 1760.

3. Our son John born May 22nd on the 7th day of the week at 6 o'clock in the afternoon A. D. 1762.

4. Our son Robert born November 23rd on the 6th day of the week at 5 o'clock p. m. A. D. 1761.

5. Our daughter Susannah born October 24th on the 3rd day of the week at 11 o'clock p. m. A. D. 1766.

6. Our son Henry born February 13th on the 2nd day of the week at 12 o'clock A. D. 1763.

7. Our daughter Elizabeth born on the second day of June on the first day of the week at 4 o'clock p. m. A. D. 1771.

8. Our son William born April 29th on the 5th day of the week at 2 o'clock a. m. A. D. 1773.

9. Our daughter Mary born June 28th on the 4th day of the week at 4 o'clock a. m. A. D. 1775.

Our Granddaughter Abigail Perry born April 6th day on the 7th day of the week at 8 o'clock p. m. A. D. 1776.

My Husband Robert Stanton Deceased in October 19 in the year A. D. 1802.

Elizabeth Stanton the wife of Robert Stanton Deceased June the 30 A. D. 1822.—A. A. W.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS FROM OLD NEWPORT HERALDS.

K

Knowles, Mrs., wife of Hazard, Jamestown, R. I., died February 28, 1788.

Kenney, Mrs., widow, Newport, R. I., died November 12, 1789, very old.

L

Levy, Benjamin, died January 3, 1788, aged 95 years.

Lincoln, Benjamin, Jr., Esquire, Attorney, Boston, Mass., of General Lincoln, Boston, died January 31, 1788, aged 81 years.

Levy, Mrs., widow of Benjamin, Newport, R. I., died October 30, 1788, aged 85 years.

Lathorne, Mrs., Newport, R. I., a noted midwife, died October 30, 1788.

Lawton, Jeremiah, and Polly Coggeshall, of Caled, Newport, R. I., married November 27, 1788.

Lechmere, Elizabeth, wife of Nicholas, Esquire, (Surveyor of Customs, Newport, R. I.) died January 12, 1789, aged 59 years.

Lawton, George, Newport, and Nabby Gardner, daughter of Ephraim, Esquire, North Kingstown, married January 21, 1790.

Lyndon, Mary, widow of Hon. Josias, died March 11, 1790, aged 80 years. "Josias Lyndon married Mary Carr, October 6, 1727, Newport, Rhode Island."

Lillibridge, Lydia, wife of Robert, Newport, R. I., daughter of Ezekiel Dickinson of Norwalk, Conn., died June 5, 1790, aged 22 years.

M

Mason, —, son of Colonel Jonathan, Richmond, R. I., died May 22, 1787, aged 3 years.

Manly, John, Esquire, Providence, R. I., died at Newport, July 21, 1787.

Murphy, Mrs. Elizabeth, wife of Edward, Newport, R. I., died February 21, 1788.

Mason, Doct. Benjamin, and Margaret Champlin, of Colonel Christopher, married November 13, 1788.

Muchmore, Mrs., wife of Captain Burdard, died January 23, 1789, aged 28 years.

Marsh, Miss Betsey, of Jonathan, died February 5, 1789, aged 20 years.

Martin, Wheeler, Providence, R. I., and Polly Eastbrook, Newport, married March 5, 1789.

Messers, Rev. Henry, of Nantuxet, Co., Virginia, and Elizabeth Handy, of Captain Charles, Newport, R. I., married December 17, 1788.

Mumford, Mary, widow of Joseph, Newport, R. I., died May 27, 1790.

Miller, Hon. Nathan, Warren, R. I., "formerly delegate to Congress," died May 27, 1790.

Marsh, William, son of Gould, Newport, R. I., died July 22, 1790, aged 22 years.

N

Negus, Nathaniel, House Carpenter, Newport, R. I., died February 21, 1788.

Nichols, Joseph, of Samuel, Newport, R. I., died August 14, 1788.

Newman, Mrs., wife of Augustus, died May 28, 1789.

Newman, Augustus, and Nathasha Jew, Newport, R. I., married January 7, 1790.

Nightingale, Susannah, wife of Deacon Samuel, Providence, R. I., died May 6, 1790, aged 48 years.

O

Oldham, Sally, of Captain John, Newport, R. I., died January 22, 1789, aged 20 years.

Olney, Miss Lucy, daughter of late James, Providence, R. I., died July 15, 1790.

P

Payne, Edward, Esquire, Boston, Mass., died March 13, 1788.

Potter, John, Esquire, South Kingstown, R. I., died March 20, 1788, old.

Potter, Hannah, wife of General Stinson, Swansea, Massachusetts, died March 27, 1788.

Pittman, Thomas, and Abigail Hall, Newport, R. I., married May 4, 1788.

Potter, Deborah, and Dorcas Congdon, Newport, R. I., married July 3, 1788.

Pierce, Ann, widow of Timothy, Newport, R. I., died August 7, 1789.

Peckham, Joshua, Newport, R. I., died August 23, 1789, aged 44 years.

Pierce, Isaac, Newport, R. I., died December 11, 1788.

Pittman, Mrs., wife of John, Newport, R. I., died May 28, 1789.

Pierce, Elizabeth, wife of John, Newport, R. I., died April 1, 1790, aged 31 years.

Perkins, Brewster, Taylor, died April 8, 1790.

Peck, Mary, of William Augustus, died July 10, 1790.

Pear, Eustatus, native of Connecticut, died at Newport, R. I., October 21, 1790.

Poleck, Mr. Abraham, late of Newport, R. I., died at Savannah, Georgia, September 28, 1790. Herald of November 4, 1790.

Potter, Eliza R., Esquire, and Mrs. Mary Perkins, widow of Joseph, merchant, South Kingstown, R. I., and daughter of Caleb Gardner, Esquire, married November 11, 1790.

Peck, Elizabeth, of Captain William A., Newport, R. I., died November 11, 1790, aged 20 years.

R

Robinson, Martha, wife of Philip, died June 25, 1787, aged 24 years.

Redwood, Abraham, Esquire, Newport, R. I., died March 13, 1788, aged 78 years.

Richardson, Hannah, wife of Jeffrey, Boston, Mass., died March 13, 1788.

Rathbone, Elizabeth, wife of Captain Joshua, Newport, R. I., died April 17, 1788.

Russell, Nathaniel, Esquire, formerly of Rhode Island, and Sarah Hopkin, daughter of William, Esq., South Carolina, married July 10, 1788.

Rumell, Mrs. Sarah, "an ancient and respectable lady," died August 28, 1788.

Rathbone, Captain Joshua and Nancy Sears, of George, Esquire, married November 20, 1788.

Robinson, Philip, and Miss Elizabeth Clarke, married December 11, 1788.

Rivers, Jacob Rodriguez, Newport, R. I., died February 10, 1789, aged 71 years.

Redwood, Abigail, widow of Jonas Langford Redwood, daughter of Caleb Godfrey, died October 1, 1789.

Reynolds, Susanna, wife of Col. Eliza, died April 1, 1790, aged 81 years.

Rotch, Thomas, Nantuxet, Mass., Merchant, and Charity Rodman, of Captain Thomas, Newport, R. I., married May 13, 1790.

Robinson, Mary, wife of James, Newport, R. I., died June 3, 1790, aged 45 years.

Robinson, Ann, daughter of James, and Mary, died June 8, 1790, aged 17 years.

S

Searing, Mary, widow of James, (Reverend) died December 20, 1787, aged 72 years.

Summer, Benjamin, Boston, Mass., and Maria Greene, of Jacob, Coventry, R. I., married January 10, 1788.

Shirley, —, widow, aged 45 years, died January 17, 1788.

Stratton, John, and Lydia Tillinghast, Newport, R. I., married April 3, 1788.

Spooner, Jerusha, widow, Newport, R. I., died May 22, 1788.

Shepherd, Rev. Mass. Little Compton, and Deborah Haskins, of John, married at Boston, Mass., July 10, 1788.

Sears, George, Jr., and Lueretta Fry, Newport, R. I., of John, married July 20, 1788.

Sherrman, Peter, Newport, R. I., died August 7, 1788.

Spencer, Major General, died in Connecticut, February 5, 1789.

Strengthened, Mrs. Ruth, died May 28, 1789.

Skinner, Catherine, widow of Francis, Newport, R. I., died July 22, 1790, aged 75 years.

TO BE CONTINUED.

QUERIES.

1090. **RUSSELL**—According to Arnold, Joseph Russell, of Barnstable, Mass., married Mrs. Sarah Paine, June 10, 173—. Who were the parents of Joseph Russell? I would be glad to have ancestry and dates. Also date of birth of Joseph. He died January 10, 1761. Who was Sarah Paine?—A. B. M.

1100. **UNIS, CHURCH**—Captain Paul Unis (or Ennis) of Newport, R. I., married Alice Church of Little Compton, September 29, 1728. Captain Unis died at sea January 20, 1737. His widow died at Bristol, R. I., July 10, 1775, aged 69 years. I wish to know her ancestry, would like dates, also dates of her birth.—A. B. M.

1101. **RUSSELL**—Nathaniel, son of Joseph, married Elizabeth —, Can-

some one give her maiden name, date of birth and ancestry?—A. B. M.

1102. **INGRAHAM**—Joshua Ingraham, born February 1, 1705, was son of William Ingraham and wife Mary. Who was William? He lived in Boston, later moved to Bristol, R. I. Did he come from England to Boston? If so, when? What was the maiden name of his wife?—A. B. M.

1103. **LAMPHEAR, HUTCHINSON, PETTINGILL**—Can any one tell me of any person making any study of the Lamphear, or the Hutchinson, or the Pettingill families, or of any person likely to know of those family lines?—E. G. R.

1104. **SAUNDERS**—In the Jamestown marriages we find the following: Robert Saunders and Elizabeth Hawland, married by Edward Carr, warden, Jan. 6d. 1701. Who was this Robert Saunders? I have seen Tobias Saunders, the early settler credited with five more children than are given in Austin's Dictionary, namely, Elizabeth (born 1695, died 1741) who married Capt. James Babcock, the son of John and Mary (Lawton) Babcock; Sarah, who is supposed to have married Israel Lewis; and three other children who died in childhood from a prevalent disease. Was Robert another son of Tobias, or was he of an entirely different line?—C. S. B.

1105. **WHIPPLE**—Who were the parents of Jeremiah Whipple, who was living in Cumberland, R. I., in 1770? Did he marry? Who was his wife, if he had one? Can any one give her parentage and the dates of birth, death and marriage? I would like a list of children, if there were any, with the dates of their births.—J. C. E.

1106. **HOOKER**—Can any one give me information in regard to Daniel W. Hooker, who is spoken of in the Rhode Island Colonial Records, as having been paid five pounds, four shillings "for horse hire and expenses in removing from the town of Newport divers persons who refused to subscribe to the test," 1776.—H. C.

1107. **HAMMOND**—Can any one give me the date of birth and ancestry of Potter Hammond, who married about 1781, in Rhode Island, Ruth Abbot?—F. S. H.

1108. **ALBRO**—Wanted, the ancestry of Ruth Albro, who married first Albro, and had a son named Albro; married second about 1781, Potter Hammond, and had a son named Potter; married 3d., in 1787, William Albro, and removed to New York.—F. S. H.

1109. **HAMON**—Whitney—Dorchester, Massachusetts, Church records page 162 show that William Whipple 16, 8, 1632, and John Hamon 20, 4, 1632, were demanded from the Church in Dorchester. Were these some of the early settlers of Rhode Island? It is not probable that this John Hamon was the father or grandfather of William Hamon, who married about 1716-17 in Rhode Island, Mary Whipple, daughter of Jonathan and Margaret (Angel) Whipple, and that Jonathan Whipple was a son or a grandson of William Whipple, named above. I would like all of the known facts relating to these Hammons and Whipples.—F. S. H.

1110. **WILDER, BROWN**—Wanted, ancestry of Abigail Wilbur, who married Abraham Brown, of Tiverton, R. I., March 10, 1755.—C. E. M.

1111. **RUSSELL**—Seth Russell married Hannah —, and had a daughter Constant who was born February 8, 1723 or 24. Can any one give me ancestry of Seth, Russell, or give maiden name and ancestry of his wife Hannah?—C. E. M.

1112. **MANCHESTER**—What was the ancestry of James Manchester, commonly called "Captain Jim," who married Hannah Atney, of Sanford and Lydia (Gray) Atney, and of what was he captain?—C. E. M.

1113. **HOWLAND**—Who was the wife of Captain William Howland, whose daughter Ann married James Taylor, of Newport, R. I., April 7, 1797? Who were his parents?—C. E. M.

1114. **HERENDEN**—I desire data as to Aaron Herenden, Smithfield, R. I., 1710-60, or later. Whose son was he? He bought land of Thomas Herenden at Smithfield, 1731. Did he remove to Douglas, Mass., where an Aaron died, 1767? Names of children almost duplicate in both families. Was Aaron son of Thomas, who died 1732 at Smithfield? Or was he son of Ebenezer?—C. W. H.

ANSWERS.

597. **CHAMPLIN**—I am not yet satisfied about the query concerning Susanna Champlin. One writer says she married Arnold Wilcox, but the Stanton Genealogy says, "John, born May 2, 1738, married June 9, 1738, Susanna Champlin, daughter of Stephen and Mary (Hazard) Champlin." Arnold Wilcox of Exeter, of South Kingstown, of Jeremiah, of South Kingstown, and Susanna Champlin, of Stephen, of Exeter, married January 22, 1767. As Stephen Champlin was of South Kingstown, it is possible that Stephen of Exeter may have been another Stephen who had a daughter Susanna. But I know of no such one, so I am unable at present to solve the enigma.—J. D. C.

1010. **MASON**—Dorothy Mason, wife of Joseph Marsh, was the daughter of Jeremiah and Mary (Clark) Mason. She was born in Norwalk, Conn., April 9, 1732, married Joseph Marsh, first Lieut. Governor of Vermont, January 10, 1756. Jeremiah Mason was born in Stonington, Conn. (or Lebanon) March 4, 1705, died in Franklin, Conn., in 1779, married May 21, 1727, Mary Clark, born in Hadham, Conn., about 1704, died in Franklin, April 11, 1799. She was the daughter of Thomas (William) Clark. Jeremiah Mason was the only child of Daniel and Dorothy (Hobart) Mason, and was named for his grandfather, Rev. Jeremiah Hobart, of Hadham. Daniel Mason was born in Stonington, 1674, and was the oldest son of Daniel and Margaret (Dennison) Mason. He died July 4, 1790. Daniel Mason was born in Saybrook, 1642, died at Stonington, January 28, 1736-7. He was the son of Captain John Mason, the Indian fighter, and his second wife, Ann Peck. H. K. will find all of these facts (or most of them) in the Marsh Genealogy, "Descendants of John Marsh of Hartford," pp. 131-5.—F. S. W.

1038. **ALMY**—Hannah, wife of John



No other aid so great to the housewife, no other agent so useful and certain in making delicious, pure and wholesome foods, has ever been devised.

ABSOLUTELY PURE

There are imitation baking powders, sold cheap, by many grocers. They are made from alum, a poisonous drug, which renders the food injurious to health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Election of Officers.

Consolidated Mining Company of Russian America.
President—Hon. Melville Bull.
Vice President—A. C. Tullis.
Treasurer—Charles P. Sterne.
Secretary—F. J. Davis.
General Manager—E. F. Scanlon.

Farm To Let

IN LITTLE COMPTON,
On Windmill Hill,
About 100 acres of land, good buildings, well watered, and a good sea view. Apply to
JOHN WARDELL,
near Tiverton Four Corners.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.

Senate Chamber,
Providence, February 28, 1900.
The Committee on Corporations of the Senate will hear all persons interested in an Act to revise, amend and re-enact an act entitled "An Act to incorporate the Newport and New York Rapid Transit Company passed at the May Session A. D. 1887, in the Senate Chamber on March 10, 1887, Chapter 11, A. D. 1887, and recorded in the Statutes of Rhode Island, Book 31 on pages 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687,